		M.Sc. Year III (Seme	ster-V)								
			Т	eaching Sc	heme (Ho	urs)			Exa	mination Sc	heme
			L	Т	Р	Cred	lits	Theory	Tutoria	al Practi	cal Total Mar
1	PH 301	Electromagnetics-II	3	1	0	4		100	25	5 0	125
2	PH 303	Semiconductor Devices	3	1	0	4		100	25	5 0	125
3	PH 305	Atomic & Molecular Physics	3	1	0	4		100	25	5 0	125
4	PH 307	Plasma Physics	3	1	0	4		100	25	5 0	125
5	PH 3XX	Institute Elective – I	3	0	0	3		100	0	0	100
6	PH 309 PH 311	Experimental Techniques-III (electromagnetics, semiconductor devices, atomic-molecular, plasma & general physics) Mini Project-I	0	0	8	4		0	0		
		-	0	0	4	2			0	50	
		Total	15	4	12	25	5	500	10	0 20	800
		<b>Total Contact Hours</b>		31							
		Total Credits		25							
Institute Elective-I				·I				Examination Scheme			
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L (hours)	T (hours)	P (hours)	Credits		Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total Marks
1	PH 361	Basics of Astronomy and Astrophysics	3	0	0	3		100	0	0	100
	PH 363	Solar Cell Technologies		0	0			100	0	0	100

		M.Sc. Year III (Semes	ter-VI)									
			Teaching Scheme (Hours)				Examination Scheme					
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	Credits	Theory	Tutoria	<b>i</b> ]	Practical	Total Marks	
1	PH 302	Astrophysics and Space Science	3	1	0	4	100	25		0	125	
2	PH 304	Mathematical Methods in Physics	3	1	0	4	100	25		0	125	
3	PH 306	<b>Digital Electronics</b>	3	1	0	4	100	25		0	125	
4	PH 308	Nuclear Physics	3	1	0	4	100	25		0	125	
5	PH 3YY	Institute Elective – II	3	0	0	3	100	0		0	100	
6	PH 312	Experimental Techniques- IV (astrophysics, digital electronics, nuclear physics & general physics)	0	0	8	4	0	0		150	150	
7	PH 314	Mini Project-II	0	0	4	2	0	0		50	50	
		Total	15	4	12	25	500	100		200	800	
		Total Contact Hours		31								
		Total Credits		25								
Institute Elective-I				II				<b>Examination Scheme</b>				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L (hou	rs) T (hours)	P (hours)	Credits	Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total I	Marks	
1	PH 362	Basics Course on Relativity	3	0	0	3	100	0	0	10	00	

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – V	L	Т	Р	С
PH301:Electromagnetics – II	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:					
CO1	understand the concept of maxwell's equations and boundary conditions					
CO2	explain the conservation laws in electrodynamics					
CO3	examined the propagations of electromagnetic waves in vacuum and in matters					
CO4	interpret the different potentials and gauge in electrodynamics					
CO5	analyze the mechanism of electric and magnetic radiations					
CO6	summarize the field of electrodynamics with relativity					

Syllabus	
ELECTRODYNAMICS	(08 Hours)
Electromotive Force and motional emf, Faraday's law of Electromagnetic Induction	and energy in
the magnetic fields, Maxwell's Equations, How Maxwell Fixed Ampere's Law, Max	xwell's
Equations in Matter, Boundary Conditions	
CONSERVATION LAWS IN ELECTRODYNAMICS	(06 Hours)
The Continuity Equation, Poynting's Theorem, Newton's Third Law in Electrodyna	mics, Maxwell's
Stress Tensor, Conservation of Momentum, Angular Momentum	
ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES	(08 Hours)
Waves in One Dimension, Electromagnetic Waves in Vacuum and in Matter, Absor	rption and
Dispersion in matter, Guided waves	
POTENTIALS AND FIELDS	(07 Hours)
Scalar and Vector Potentials, Gauge Transformations, Coulomb Gauge and Lorentz	Gauge,
Retarded Potentials, Jefimenko's Equations, Lienard-Wiechert Potentials, The Field	ls of a Moving
Point Charge	
RADIATION	(06 Hours)
Electric and Magnetic Dipole Radiation, Radiation from an arbitrary source, Power	radiated by a
point charges, Radiation reaction	
ELECTRODYNAMICS AND RELATIVITY	(07 Hours)
Special theory of relativity and relativistic mechanics, Relativistic Electrodynamics	, Field tensor,
Electrodynamics in tensor notation.	
(Total Contact T	Time: 42 Hours)

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics by David J. Griffiths, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education (2008).
- 2. Classical Electrodynamics, John David Jackson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley (2018).
- 3. Elements of Electromagnetics by Matthew N. O. Sadiku, 6th Edition, Oxford university press, (2014).
- 4. The Classical Theory of Fields, Course of Theoretical Physics: Vol. 2 by L. D. Landau, E. M. Lifshitz, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pergamon Press (1967).
- 5. Field and Wave Electromagnetics by David K. Cheng, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education (2001).

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – V	L	Т	Р	С
PH 303 : Semiconductor Devices	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:					
CO1	understand the working of various FET devices and their applications					
CO2	understand the principle of operation of DIAC and TRIAC devices					
CO3	identify the principle of operation and structure of SCR devices					
CO4	interpret the concept of heterojunction devices and their applications					
CO5	classify the characteristics of various photonic devices					
CO6	examine the properties and applications of microwave devices					

Syllabus	
VARIOUS FET DEVICES: INTRODUCTION, CHARACTERISTICS AND	(10 Hours)
APPLICATION	
Types of FET, JFET, MODFET, SIT, MOSFET, Structure and principle of operation	on of MOSFET,
MOSFET as an amplifier, MOSFET analysis, Threshold voltage. Power MOSFET,	HEMT.
DIAC, TRIAC: INTRODUCTION, CHARACTERISTICS AND	(08 Hours)
APPLICATION	
Structure of DIAC, DIAC Principle of operation, Structure and principle of operation	on of TRIAC,
Applications of TRIAC.	
PNPN: INTRODUCTION, CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATION	(06 Hours)
The silicon-controlled rectifier, Device structure, Principle of operation, Equivalent	circuit.
Applications.	
INTRODUCTION TO THE HETERO JUNCTIONS AND APPLICATIONS	(06 Hours)
Concept of Heterojunction, Multilayer Heterojunction, Energy band diagram for He	eterojunction,
Confinement of charge carrier, Application of Heterojunction.	
PHOTONIC DEVICES: INTRODUCTION, CHARACTERISTICS AND	(06 Hours)
APPLICATION	
Light Emitting Diode (LED), Characteristics of LED, Materials and wavelength of	light, Laser
diode, Structure, Characteristics of laser diode, Photodiode and solar cell.	
MICROWAVE DEVICES: INTRODUCTION, CHARACTERISTICS AND	(06 Hours)
APPLICATION	
MESFET, HEMT	

- 1. Schilling D.L. and Belove, C., Electronic Circuits : Discrete and Integrated, McGraw Hill, 1989
- 2. Streetman, B. & Banerjee S. Solid State Electronic Devices, Prentice Hall, 2005
- 3. Boylestad R.L. and Nahselsky, L. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Prentice Hall, 2005
- 4. Liao S.Y.Microwave Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall, 1996
- 5. Sze S.M. Semiconductor Devices : Physics and Technology, John Wiley & Sons, 1986

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – V	L	Т	Р	С
PH 305 : Atomic & Molecular Physics	3	1	0	4

	e Outcomes end of the semester students will able to:
CO1	understand various atomic models and their importance
CO2	interpret one-electron systems and associated relativistic corrections
CO3	examine the effects of magnetic and electric fields on the spectral lines
CO4	analyze the quantum mechanical aspects of hydrogen and helium atom structure
CO5	understand the hartree theory and the idea od self-consistency
CO6	analyze the molecular structure by inspecting the rotational, vibrational and electronic transitions

Syllabus	
INTRODUCTION TO ATOMIC STRUCTURE AND MODELS	(05 Hours)
The nuclear atom, Electron orbits, Atomic spectra, The Bohr atom, Energy levels a	nd spectra,
Correspondence principle, Nuclear motion, Atomic excitations.	
ONE-ELECTRON ATOMIC SYSTEMS	(12 Hours)
Relativistic corrections of energy terms: relativistic mass correction, Darwin term,	and spin-orbit
term. Fine structure. Lamb shift. Hyperfine structure. LS & JJ coupling, Zeeman, P	aschen-Bach &
Stark effect, Introduction to time-dependent perturbation theory	
HYDROGEN ATOM	(08 Hours)
Limitations of classical mechanics, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation	, Orbital angular
momentum, parity of eigen functions.	
HELIUM ATOM	(06 Hours)
Spectrum of Helium, Quantum mechanical explanation of splitting of He terms, Gr	ound state
energy of He atom.	
HARTREE THEORY AND IDEA OF SELF-CONSISTENCY	(05 Hours)
Hartree's self-consistent field, Results of Hartree theory, Atomic orbitals and Hund	's rule, The
periodic table	
MOLECULAR STRUCTURE	(06 Hours)
General nature of molecular structure, Born-Oppenheimer separation, rotation and	vibration of
diatomic molecules, electronic structure of diatomic molecules	
(Total Contact 7	Time: 42 Hours)

- 1. Woodgate G. K., Elementary Atomic Structure Oxford Uni. Press, 1983
- 2. Gillespie R. J. , Atoms, Molecules, and Reactions: An Introduction to Chemistry Prentice Hall, 1994
- 3. Bransden B. H. and Joachaim C. J., Physics of Atoms and Molecules, Benjamin Cummings 2003
- 4. Roy R. R. and Nigam B. P., Nuclear Physics: Theory and Experiment, John Wiley 1967
- 5. Preston M. A. and Bhaduri R. K., Structure of Nucleus, Addison-Wesley, 1975

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – V	L	Т	Р	С
PH307: Plasma Physics	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:				
CO1	understand the basic properties and criteria for plasma				
CO2	introspect the particle motions under the influence of external electric and magnetic field				
CO3	analyze the electrodynamics and fluid equations for plasma				
CO4	examine the diffusion and transport properties of plasma				
CO5	classify the characteristics of plasma oscillations and plasma waves				
CO6	understand the diagnostic method to study the plasma properties				

Syllabus			
INTRODUCTION	(02 Hours)		
General properties of plasma, Criteria for its existence, Occurrence in nature, Source	ces of plasma		
generation in laboratory, Applications, Concept of temperature in plasma.			
MOTION OF CHARGED PARTICLES IN ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC	(08 Hours)		
FIELD			
Uniform electric and magnetic field, Non-uniform magnetic field, Non-uniform ele	ctric field, Time-		
varying magnetic field, Time-varying electric field, Adiabatic invariant, Plasma con	nfinement in		
laboratory, Summary of guiding centre drifts.			
PLASMA AS FLUID	(06 Hours)		
Electrodynamics equations in plasma, Plasma dielectric constant, Fluid equations o	f motion, Fluid		
drifts in the presence of magnetic field.			
DIFFUSION AND TRANSPORT	(10 Hours)		
Collision parameter, Diffusion parameter, Ambipolar diffusion, Recombination, Di	ffusion across a		
magnetic field, Collisions in fully ionized plasma, Plasma resistivity, The single-flu	uid MHD		
equations.			
PLASMA OSCILLATION AND WAVES	(10 Hours)		
Overview of wave, Phase velocity and Group velocity, Plasma oscillations, Electro	n plasma waves,		
Sound waves, Ion waves, Comparison of electron and ion waves, Upper hybrid free	quency, Lower		
hybrid frequency, Electromagnetic plasma waves, Cut-off and resonances.			
BASIC PLASMA DIAGNOSTICS USING ELECTRICAL METHOD	(06 Hours)		
Debye shielding problem, Plasma sheath - physical mechanism, wall potential and a Plasma probe.	inner structure,		
•	Simo, 12 Hours)		

# (Total Contact Time: 42 Hours)

- 1. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion by F. F. Chen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Volume 1: Plasma Physics, Springer 2006.
- 2. Principles of Plasma Discharges and Material Processing by M. A. Liebermann and A. J. Lichtenberg, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley-Interscience 2005.
- 3. Fundamentals of Plasma Physics by J. A. Bittencourt, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Springer 2004.
- 4. Introduction to Plasma Physics by R. J. Goldston and P. H. Rutherford, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press 1995.
- 5. Fundamentals of Plasma Physics by P. M. Bellan, Cambridge University Press 2012.

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – V	L	Т	Р	С
PH 361 : Basics of Astronomy and Astrophysics	3	0	0	3

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:				
CO1	recall the basic understanding of the Astronomy and Astrophysics				
CO2	understand the important concepts as applied to Astronomy and Astrophysics				
CO3	apply the concepts learned to find the properties of Celestial objects and phenomena				
CO4	analyze the results available in literature or those derived in the course				
CO5	evaluate the limitations and robustness of the concepts as applied to Astronomy and Astrophysics				

UNIVERSE AND CELESTIAL BODIES Matter vs Radiation Dominated universe, The early universe, structure form Nebulae, Stars, Classification of celestial bodies, other celestial objects. SOLAR SYSTEM Birth, Life and death of a star, H-R diagram, Solar system & its members	(18 Hours) nation, Galaxies, (10 Hours)
Nebulae, Stars, Classification of celestial bodies, other celestial objects. SOLAR SYSTEM	
SOLAR SYSTEM	(10 Hours)
	(10 Hours)
Firth Life and death of a stor HP diagram Solar system & its members	(10 110013)
shun, Line and death of a star, in-K diagram, Solar system & its members	·
EARTH AND ITS ATMOSPHERE	(07 Hours)
Formation and structure of the Earth, different surface features of the earth,	earth's Atmosphere
nd its different parts, radio window, ozone depletions	
SPACE EXPLORATIONS	(07 Hours)
Radiation in the universe, its effect on human and other non-living mecha	inisms, types Space
vehicles, manned space explorations	

- 1. Degaonkar S. S., Space Science, Gujarat University Press, 1968
- 2. Patrick M., Atlas of the Universe, Cambridge University Press, 2000
- 3. Beiser A., Concept of the Modern Physics, TMH, 2008
- 4. Mukhanov, M., Physical Foundations of Cosmology, CUP, 2005.
- 5. Islam, J. N., An Introduction to Mathematical Cosmology, CUP, 2004.

#### 1. Course Outcomes (COs)

In the end of semester the students will be able to:

CO1	Summarize the status of energy crisis and appreciate role of Solar PV
CO2	Understand the physics of semiconductor materials and junctions
CO3	Identify the designing aspects of solar cells and modules
CO4	Examine the silicon based solar cell technologies
CO5	Inspect the thin-film solar cell, concentrator solar PV technologies

#### 2. Syllabus:

#### • Energy Scenario and Solar Photovoltaics (PV)

World energy requirement, review of renewable energy sources, economics and global energy market, role of solar PV, solar radiation as energy source, solar spectrum, Sun-Earth system, movements and radiation collection, sun-tracking, measurement of solar radiation.

#### • Physics of Semiconductor Materials and Junctions

Fundamentals of semiconductors, formation of energy bands, direct and indirect band gap, charge carriers in semiconductors, carrier concentration and distribution, density of energy states, carrier motion in semiconductors, electric field and energy band bending, generation & recombination of carriers, p-n junction: equilibrium condition, space charge region, p-n junction in non-equilibrium condition, p-n junction under illumination: solar cell, generation of photovoltage, light generated current, i-v equations of solar cells, solar cell characteristics.

#### • Design of Solar Cells and Modules

Solar cell parameters, losses in solar cell, models of solar cell, effect of series, shunt resistance, radiation and temperature on efficiency, solar cell design, solar simulator, quantum efficiency measurement, minority carrier lifetime and diffusion length measurement, Solar PV modules for solar cells, mismatch in series and parallel connections, design and structure of PV modules, PV module power output.

#### • Silicon Based Solar Cell Technologies

Growth of solar PV industry silicon, production of Si wafers, monocrystalline Si ingots: CZ and FZ processes, multicrystalline Si ingots, wafer dicing: ID and wire sawing, solar grade silicon, process flow of commercial Si cell technology, high efficiency Si solar cells.

#### Thin-Film Solar Cell Technologies

Advantages of thin films technologies, material for thin film technologies, use of TCO and light trapping, possible solar cell structure, substrate and superstrate configuration, thin film module manufacturing, amorphous Si solar cell technology, CdTe solar cell technology, CIGS solar cell technology, thin film Si based technologies.

#### (8 Hours)

### (5 Hours)

(8 Hours)

# (4 hours)

(8 hours)

#### • Concentrator Solar PV and Other Emerging Solar Cell Technologies

Concentrator PV Cells, concentration ratio, optics for concentrator PV, tracking requirement of CPV, cooling requirements, minority carrier injections under high concentration, high concentrator solar cells, organic solar cell, dye-sensitized solar cell, perovskties solar cells, GaAs solar cells, thermo-photovoltaics, need to go beyond current cell technologies

#### (Total Contact Time (Theory): 42 Hours)

- 1. Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications, Chetan Singh Solanki; (2015), PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. Publication
- 2. Solar Cells: Operating Principles, Technology, and System Applications, Martin Green; (1983) Prentice Hall Publications
- 3. Thin Films Solar Cells, K. L. Chopra and S. R. Das; (1983), Springer Publications
- 4. Solar Cell Device Physics, Stephen Fonash; (2010), Academic Press Publication
- 5. Science and Technology of Photovoltaics, P. Jayarama Reddy; (2009), BS Publications

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – VI	L	Т	Р	С
PH302:Astrophysics and Space Science	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:			
CO1	recall & understand the concepts of Astrophysics, and Space Science			
CO2	analyse how astrophysical processes are studied, understood and utilized for furthering our understanding of the universe			
CO3	apply the concepts of space science to different problems			
CO4	evaluate the applications to various problems related to Astrophysics and Space Sciences			
CO5	analyse the satellite system such as GPS, Galileo, IRNSS.			

Syllabus				
Introduction to the course (02 Hours)				
Large Scale objects	(10 Hours)			
Astrophysical objects of interests like Galaxies, stars, their Evolution, Clusters, techniques to study				
these objects				
Stellar objects	(10 Hours)			
Types of stars, their properties. Evolution of stellar objects. The Sun, the sta	indard model.			
Quiescent Sun, Disturbed sun.				
Solar Terrestrial Relationship(08 Hours)				
The quiet and disturbed solar features and their impact on space weather. Magnetos	phere,			
Ionosphere, atmosphere				
Radio Wave Propagation through Ionosphere	(06 Hours)			
Refraction, effect of the ionosphere on wave propagation. Quiet ionsophere, disturb	ed ionosphere.			
The effects on technological systems.				
Advanced topics of relevance	(06 Hours)			
Global Navigational Satellite System like GPS, Galileo, IRNSS.				
(Total Contact Time: 42 Hours)				

- Ratcliff, J. A., Introduction to ionosphere & Magnetosphere, Cambridge University Press. 1975
- 2. Hargreaves, J. K., The Solar Terrestrial Environment, Cambridge University Press 1995
- 3. Kievelson, M. J., Introduction to Space Physics Cambridge University Press. 1995
- 4. Lang, K. R. Sun, Earth and Sky Springer 2006
- 5. Basu Baidyabath, T. Chattopadhyay and S. N. Biswas, An Introduction to Astrophysics, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2018

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – VI	L	Т	Р	С
PH304:Mathematical Methods in Physics	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:				
CO1	understand the basis of vector spaces, determinants and matrices to apply it for linear transformation				
CO2	utilize the eigenvalues and eigenvectors				
CO3	analyze the vectors with indices and extend it to understand the tensors and interpret the types and properties of tensors				
CO4	solve the second order ODE including Bessel, Hermite, Legendre, Hypergeometric and Confluent Hypergeometric equations				
CO5	interpret the Legendre polynomials and Bessel functions and relate their applications				

Syllabus	
VECTOR SPACES	(06 Hours)
Subspaces, Basis and dimension, co-ordinates, row space, column space, nullspace	
LINEAR TRANSFORMATION	(10 Hours)
Representation of linear transformation by Matrices, rank-nullity theorem, duality a	ind transpose,
determinant, linear functional, dual space.	
EIGEN VALUES & EIGEN VECTORS	(04 Hours)
Minimal & characteristic polynomials, diagonalisations, Cayley Hamilton theorem.	
TENSOR ANALYSIS	(08 Hours)
Vectors and Indices: Transformation Properties of Vectors, Covariant and Contra-	variant Vectors;
From Vectors to Tensors: Algebraic Properties of Tensors, Numerical Tensors; Me	tric Tensor:
Index Raising and Lowering, Differentiation of Tensors: Covariant Derivative, Met	ric Connection.
SOLUTIONS TO BESSEL, HERMITE, LEGENDRE, HYPER	(04 Hours)
GEOMETRIC AND CONFLUENT HYPER- GEOMETRIC EQUATIONS	
BESSEL FUNCTIONS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS	(04 Hours)
Bessel Function of the first kind, Orthogonality, Neumann functions, Modified Bes	sel's functions,
Asymptotic Expansions, Spherical Bessel function.	
LEGENDRE POLYNOMIALS AND SPHERICAL HARMONICS	(06 Hours)
Generating Function, Recurrence relations, Orthogonality, Associate legendre func	tions, Spherical
harmonics, Legendre functions of the second kind, Vector spherical harmonics.	
(Total Contact T	ime: 42 Hours)

- 1. Hoffman, K. and Kunze, R., Linear Algebra, PHI, 1991
- 2. Lang, S., Introduction to Linear Algebra (Undergraduate text in Mathematics), Springer, 1986
- 3. Grinfeld, Pavel. Introduction to tensor analysis and the calculus of moving surfaces. New York: Springer, 2013
- 4. Riley, Kenneth Franklin, Michael Paul Hobson, and Stephen John Bence. Mathematical methods for physics and engineering: a comprehensive guide. Cambridge university press, 2006.
- 5. Hassani, Sadri. Mathematical methods: for students of physics and related fields. Vol. 720. Springer Science & Business Media, 2008.

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – VI	L	Т	Р	С
PH 306:Digital Electronics	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:			
CO1	explain the basic concepts and terminology of number systems, binary codes and logic gates			
CO2	interpret the basic relations of logic gates conversations by using Boolean algebra and Karnaugh maps			
CO3	analyze various combination circuits, flip-flops and timing circuits			
CO4	identify the basic principles of A to D and D to A conversions			
CO5	to design and implement application-oriented digital circuits			

#### **Syllabus**

#### **INTRODUCTION, NUMBER SYSTEM**

Digital & Analog System, Logic Levels and Pulse Waveforms, Elements of Digital Logic, Functions of Digital Logic, Digital Integrated Circuits, The Decimal Number System, The Binary Number System, Representation of Signed Numbers and Binary Arithmetic in Computers, Different Number Systems.

#### **BINARY CODES & LOGIC GATES**

Different Codes, and Gates, , Inhibit circuits, 7400 series ICs, ANSI/IEEE Standard Logic symbols, Pulsed operation of Logic Gates

#### **BOOLEAN ALGEBRA**

Logic Operations, Axioms and Laws of Boolean Algebra, Duality, Reducing Boolean Expressions, Boolean Expression and Logic Diagrams, Converting AND/OR/Invert Logic to NAND/NOR logic, Determination of Output lev0el from the diagram

### THE KARNAUGH AND QUINE-McCLUSKY METHODS

(06 Hours) Expansion of a Boolean Expression to SOP & POS form, Computation of total Gate inputs, All variables K-map, Don't care combinations, Hybrid logic, Minimization of Multiple output circuits, Variable mapping, Quine-McClusky Method, Function minimization of multiple output circuits

# **COMBINATION CIRCUITS**

The Half- Full-adder -Subtractor, Parallel Binary Address, the look-ahead carry adder, IC parallel adders, Two's complement addition & subtraction using parallel Adders, serial Adders, BCD Adders, Binary multipliers, code converters, Parity generators/checkers, Comparators, IC Comparator, Decoders, BCD to seven segment decoders, Display devices, Encoders, Multiplexers, **Demultiplexers and Applications** 

# FLIP-FLOPS AND TIMING CIRCUITS

(04 Hours)

The S-R latch, Gated latches, Edge-trigged Flip-Flops, Asynchronous inputs, Flip-flop operating

### (04 Hours)

# (03 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(06 Hours)

characteristics, Master Slave (Pulse-triggered) flip-flop, Conversion of Flip-flops, Applications of Flip-flops, ANSI/IEEE Symbols, Schmitt Trigger, Multivibrators, crystal controlled clock generators.

#### **SHIFT REGISTERS , COUNTERS**

(06 Hours)

Buffer register, Controlled Buffer register, Shift Registers & Data Transmission in shift register, Counters, Pulse Train Generators, Pulse Generators using shift registers, Cascading of Synchronous counters.

# LOGIC FAMILIES AND ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL AND ANALOG-TO(06 Hours) ANALOG CONVERTERS

Digital IC Specification Technology, Logic Families, Transistor Transistor Logic (TTL), Open – collector Gates, Digital-to-Analog(D/A) Conversion, The R-2R Ladder Type DAC, The Weighted – resistor Type DAC, The Switched Current-source Type DAC, Analog-to-Digital Conversion, The Counter-type A/D Converter, The Tracking-type A/D Converter, The Flash-type A/D Converter, The Dual-slop Type A/D Converter, The Successive-approximation Type ADC

**DESIGNING DIGITAL CIRCUITS** 

(04 Hours)

Reactor design, Trafic signal, Stepper mottor

# (Total Contact Time: 42 Hours)

- 1. Floyd T. L, Jain R. P., Digital Fundamentals, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt Ltd 2008.
- Morris Mano M. Digital Logic & Computer Design, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. 2008.
- 3. A. Anand Kumar, Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, Prentice-hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2009.
- 4. Jain. R. P., Modern Digital Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.2009.
- 5. Malvino A.P., Leach P. D., Digital Principals & Applications., Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. 2008.

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – VI	L	Т	Р	С
PH 308 : Nuclear Physics	3	1	0	4

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:			
CO1	understand the concept of structure of nuclei, and simple nuclear models such as the liquid drop model and the shell model			
CO2	explain the deuteron behavior at ground and excited states			
CO3	understand the techniques in scattering theory which are relevant in nuclear physics			
CO4	understand the differences between various decay modes, state selection rules, and determine whether a given decay can take place			
CO5	the key features of nuclear fission and fusion and their applications			

Syllabus			
Properties of Nuclei	(08 Hours)		
Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties, quantitative facts about mass, radii, charge			
density, matter density and its experimental determination, binding energy, average binding energy,			
Packing fraction, BE/A vs. A plot, stability of nuclei (N Vs Z plot), angular momentum, parity,			
magnetic moment, electric moments.			
Nuclear Models	(08 Hours)		
Liquid drop model approach, Weizsacker's semi-empirical mass formula and significance of its			
various terms, condition of nuclear stability, Mass parabolas -Prediction of stability against beta			
decay for members of an isobaric family, Stability limits against spontaneous fission. Fermi gas			
model (degenerate fermion gas, nuclear symmetry potential in Fermi gas), evidence for nuclear shell			
structure, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model, Rotational spectra, concept of			
mean field, residual interaction, concept of nuclear force, Deuteron problem, Meson theory of			

nuclear forces.

# **RADIOACTIVITY DECAY**

Alpha decay: basics of  $\alpha$ -decay processes, theory of  $\alpha$ -emission, Gamow factor, Geiger Nuttalllaw,  $\alpha$ -decay spectroscopy, decay Chains. B-decay: energy kinematics for  $\beta$ -decay,  $\beta$ -spectrum, positron emission, electron capture, neutrino hypothesis. Gamma decay: Gamma rays emission from the excited state of the nucleus & kinematics, internal conversion.

#### INTERACTION OF NUCLEAR RADIATION WITH MATTER

Energy loss due to ionization (Bethe-Block formula), energy loss of electrons, Cerenkov radiation. Gamma ray interaction through matter (photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, pair production), neutron interaction with matter.

#### NUCLEAR REACTIONS

Types of Reactions, Coulomb scattering (Rutherford scattering) Coulomb barrier, Conservation

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

Laws, kinematics of reactions, Q-value, reaction rate, reaction cross section, Concept of compound and direct Reaction, Optical model, resonance reaction.

NUCLEAR ENERGY(FUSION AND FISSION)

(06 Hours)

Introduction, Asymmetric fission -Mass yield, Emission of delayed neutrons, Nuclear energy release in fission, Nature of fission fragments, Energy released in the fission of U235, Fission of lighter nuclei, Fission chain reaction, Neutron cycle in a thermal nuclear reactor (Four Factor Formula), Nuclear power and breeder reactors, Natural fusion Possibility of controlled fusion.

# (Total Contact Time: 42 Hours)

# **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1. Introductory Nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
- 2. Nuclear Physics by S. N. Ghoshal, First edition, S. Chand Publication, 2010.
- 3. Nuclear Physics, S.B. Patel (Wiley Eastern Ltd.).
- 4. Nuclear Physics, D. C. Tayal (Himalayan Publishing House) 5<sup>th</sup> ed.
- 5. Basic Ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics: An introductory Approach by K Heyde, Third edition, IOP Publication, 1999.

### **Additional Books:**

- 6. Concepts of Nuclear Physics by Bernard L Cohen, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 1974.
- 7. Radiation detection and measurement, G.F. Knoll, John Wiley & amp; Sons, 2010.
- 8. Technique for Nuclear and Particle Physics experiments by William R Leo, Springer, 1994.

Third year of Five Years Integrated M.Sc.(Physics) M.Sc. – III, Semester – VI	L	Т	Р	C
PH 362 : Basic course on Relativity	3	0	0	3

	Course Outcomes In the end of the semester students will able to:			
CO1	understand the concepts of special and general theory of relativity			
CO2	analyse how relativistic processes are studied, understood and utilised for furthering our understanding of the universe			
CO3	apply the concepts and theories to a range of problems related to relativity			
CO4	approach and solve new problems in the range of relativity			
CO5	evaluate and analyse the recent observations of objects/events			

Syllabus			
INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE	(04 Hours)		
Inertial Frames, Universality of Newton's second law in all inertial frames, Classica	al Relativity,		
Does universal rest (ether) exists? Michelson Morley Experiment.			
SPECIAL THEORY OF RELATIVITY	(08 Hours)		
Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity, Concept of transformation, Galilean	Transformation,		
Simultaneity of two events in different inertial frames of reference and its frame dependence. Lore			
Transformation. Length Contraction and Time dilation with examples. Velocity Transformation,			
Relative velocity with examples, Time like and Space Like intervals, Causality.			
FOUR VECTORS	(06 Hours)		
Need to redefine Momentum, Vector and Four-Vectors. Proper time interval, Velocity and			
Momentum-Energy Four Vector. Mass-Energy Relationship, Relationship between new energy			
and momentum.			
ELECTRODYNAMICS IN LIGHT OF RELATIVITY	(06 Hours)		
Four Dimensional forms of Maxwell's equations. Four dimensional Vector Potentia	ıl		
GENERAL RELATIVITY	(10 Hours)		
Special and General Principle of Relativity, The Gravitational Field, The Equality of Inertial and			
Gravitational Mass as an Argument for the General Postulate of Relativity			
THE EXPERIMENTAL CONFIRMATIONS	(08 Hours)		
Motion of the Perihelion of Mercury, Deflection of Light by a Gravitational Field,	Displacement of		
Spectral Lines towards the Red, Gravitational Waves			
(Total Contact 7	Time: 42 Hours)		

- 1. Einstein A., Relativity: The Special And General Theory, Henry Holt And Company, 1920
- 2. Ryder L., Introduction to General Relativity, Lewis Ryder, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- 3. Misner C. W., Kip Thorne, J. A. Wheeler, Gravitation, W. H. Freeman and Co, 1970.
- 4. Schutz B. F., A First Course in General Relativity, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- 5. Weinberg S., Gravitation and Cosmology, J. Wiley & sons, 1972.